

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 22-Sep-2009

Revision Date 11-Mar-2024

Revision Number 4

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:	Methanesulfonyl chloride
Cat No. :	A13383
Synonyms	MsCl; Mesyl chloride
CAS No	124-63-0
EC No	204-706-1
Molecular Formula	C H3 CI O2 S
REACH registration number	-

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Sector of use	Laboratory chemicals. SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Product category	PC21 - Laboratory chemicals
Process categories	PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent
Environmental release category	ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)
Uses advised against	No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

E-mail address

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Methanesulfonyl chloride

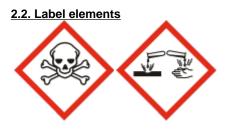
Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Skin Sensitization Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Environmental hazards Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

- H301 + H311 Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin
- H330 Fatal if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

2.3. Other hazards

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears) Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Category 1 (H290)

Category 3 (H301) Category 3 (H311) Category 1 (H330) Category 1 B (H314) Category 1 (H318) Category 1 (H317) Category 3 (H335)

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Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Methanesulfonyl chloride	124-63-0	EEC No. 204-706-1	>95	Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Acute Tox. 3 (H311) Acute Tox. 1 (H330) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) STOT SE 3 (H335) Met. Corr. 1 (H290)

REACH registration number

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES			
Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically.		
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed			
	Causes burns by all exposure routes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing		
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed		
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.		
Inhalation	If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required.		
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.		
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.		
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.		
General Advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.		

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Methanesulfonyl chloride

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Sulfur oxides, Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors, Hydrogen chloride gas.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 6.1A **Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)**

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

Methanesulfonyl chloride

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s):

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL) No information available

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

No information available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye ProtectionGoggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

	Natural rubber S	eakthrough time ee manufacturers ecommendations	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
S	Skin and body protection	on Long sle	eved clothing.		

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

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Recommended Filter type:Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type
E Yellow conforming to EN14387Small scale/Laboratory useUse a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure
limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.
Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN
141
When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

Methanesulfonyl chloride

Prevent product from entering drains.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	Light yellow pungent No data available -33 °C / -27.4 °F No data available 161 °C / 321.8 °F No data available Not applicable No data available	@ 760 mmHg Liquid
Flash Point Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature pH Viscosity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wate	110 °C / 230 °F No data available No data available No information available 1.97 mPa.s at 25 °C insoluble (reacts with water) No information available er)	Method - No information available
Component Methanesulfonyl chloride Vapor Pressure Density / Specific Gravity Bulk Density Vapor Density Particle characteristics	log Pow 4.98 2.6 mbar @ 20 °C 1.480 Not applicable 4 (Air = 1.0) Not applicable (liquid)	Liquid (Air = 1.0)
9.2. Other information		
Molecular Formula	C H3 CI O2 S	

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

114.55

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions Hazardous polymerization does not occur. None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Methanesulfonyl chloride

Incompatible products. Excess heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Alcohols.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Sulfur oxides. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Hydrogen chloride gas.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral	Category 3
Dermal	Category 3
Inhalation	Category 1

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methanesulfonyl chloride	250 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 200 - 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit	LC50 = 111.7 mg/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
)	
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(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

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(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;
   Respiratory
                                       Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
   Skin
                                       Category 1
                                       No information available
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;
                                       Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
(f) carcinogenicity;
                                       Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
                                       There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product
                                       Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
(g) reproductive toxicity;
(h) STOT-single exposure;
                                       Category 3
   Results / Target organs
                                       Respiratory system.
                                       Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;
   Target Organs
                                       None known.
(j) aspiration hazard;
                                       Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Other Adverse Effects
                                       The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. See actual entry in RTECS for
                                       complete information
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Symptoms / effects,both acute and	Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated.
delayed	Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the
	hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Methanesulfonyl chloride

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains. Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Methanesulfonyl chloride	LC50: = 11 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus)		

12.2. Persistence and degradability Persistence Degradation in sewage treatment plant	Readily biodegradable based on information available, May persist. Contains substances known to be hazardous to water treatment plants.	the environment or not degradable in waste
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	May have some potential to bioaccumulate	
Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Methanesulfonyl chloride	4.98	No data available
<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	The product is water soluble, and may spread ir environment due to its water solubility. Highly n environment due its low water solubility and pro	nobile in soils: Is not likely mobile in the
<u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> assessment	No data available for assessment.	
<u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u> properties Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or sus	spected endocrine disruptors
<u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u> Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or sus This product does not contain any known or sus	spected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3246 METHANESULFONYL CHLORIDE 6.1 8 I
ADR	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3246 METHANESULPHONYL CHLORIDE 6.1 8 I
IATA	FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3246 METHANESULFONYL CHLORIDE FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT 6.1 8 I
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Methanesulfonyl chloride	124-63-0	204-706-1	-	-	Х	Х	KE-23189	Х	Х
Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA In notific	ventory ation -	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIOC	PICCS
			Active-	nactive					
Methanesulfonyl chloride	124-63-0	X	ACT	IVE	Х	-	X	X	X

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Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH Not applicable

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH Regulation (EC
		Annex XIV - Substances	Annex XVII - Restrictions	1907/2006) article 59 -
		Subject to Authorization	on Certain Dangerous	Candidate List of
			Substances	Substances of Very High
				Concern (SVHC)
Methanesulfonyl chloride	124-63-0	-	-	-

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)	
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Methanesulfonyl chloride	124-63-0	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Methanesulfonyl chloride	WGK2	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

- H290 May be corrosive to metals
- H301 Toxic if swallowed
- H311 Toxic in contact with skin
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H330 Fatal if inhaled
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation

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Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory al DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	 TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, I	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Prepared By	Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Creation Date	22-Sep-2009
Revision Date	11-Mar-2024
Revision Summary	New emergency telephone response service provider.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet